SYLLABUS FOR IV B.TECH. (CIVIL ENGINEERING) I SEMESTER (AUTONOMOUS REGULATIONS 2015)



DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING ANIL NEERUKONDA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCES (A) (Affiliated to AU, Approved by AICTE) SANGIVALASA, Bheemunipatnam Mandal, Visakhapatnam District-531162



ANIL NEERUKONDA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCES (AUTONOMOUS) DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

B.TECH. 4 YEAR DEGREE COURSE STRUCTURE

B.TECH. IV Year - I Semester

Code	Subject	Cat.		P	eriod	5	Sessional	End	Total	Credits
			L	Т	P	Total	Marks	Exam Marks	Marks	
CIV411	Open Elective-II [#]	OE	3	1	-	4	40	60	100	3
CIV412	Professional Elective – II	PE	3	-	-	3	40	60	100	3
CIV413	Project Planning & Management	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	100	3
CIV414	Steel Structures	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	100	3
CIV415	Water Resources Engineering - II	PC	3	1	-	4	40	60	100	3
CIV416	Transportation Engineering-II	PC	3	-	-	3	40	60	100	3
CIV417	Computer Applications in Civil Engineering Lab-II	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	100	2
CIV418	Transportation Engineering Lab	PC	-	-	3	3	50	50	100	2
CIV419	Project work-I	PC	-	-	6	6	60	-	60	3
CIV4110	Industrial Training**	PC	-	-	-	-	50	-	50	2
Total			18	4	12	34	450	460	910	27

B.TECH. IV Year – II Semester

Code	Subject	Cat.		P	eriod	5	Sessional	End Exam	Total	Credits
			L	T	P	Total	Marks	Marks	Marks	
CIV421	Professional Elective – III	PE	3	-	-	3	40	60	100	3
CIV422	Professional Elective – IV	PE	3	-	I	3	40	60	100	3
CIV423	Engineering Economics & Finance	HS	2	1	-	3	40	60	100	2
CIV424	Irrigation Structures Design & Drawing	PC	1		3	4	50	-	50	2
CIV425	Comprehensive Viva Voce	PC	-	-	3	3	50	-	50	2
CIV426	Project Work –II	PC	-	-	8	8	60	80	140	8
CIV427	MOOC ^{##}	ES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
	Total		9	1	14	24	280	260	540	22

Student should take MINIMUM ONE Open Elective during either III year I semester or IV year I semester

** To be conducted after III year-II semester and evaluated in IV year-I semester

Massive Open Online Course: Method of evaluation will be decided by a Departmental Committee constituted for this purpose and students are graded accordingly

LIST OF PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES (CIVIL ENGINEERING)

III B.Tech – II Semester

Professional Elective – I (CIV 326)

- 1. Solid Waste Management
- 2. Environmental Impact Assessment
- 3. Repair and Rehabilitation of structures
- 4. RS & GIS applications in Civil Engineering
- 5. Urban Planning and Smart Cities

IV B.Tech – I Semester

Professional Elective – II (CIV 412)

- 1. Advanced Geotechnical Engineering
- 2. Disaster Management
- 3. Air Pollution & control
- 4. Soil Dynamics and Machine Foundations
- 5. Optimization Techniques

IV B.Tech – II Semester

Professional Elective – III (CIV 421)

- 1. Pre stressed concrete
- 2. Advanced Fluid Mechanics
- 3. Advanced Design of structures
- 4. Ground Improvement Techniques
- 5. Bridge Engineering

Professional Elective – IV (CIV 422)

- 1. Advanced Transportation Engineering
- 2. Water shed management
- 3. Advanced Building Construction
- 4. Introduction to Finite Element Methods
- 5. Earthquake Engineering

OPEN ELECTIVE - II

ELEMENTS OF ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

CIV 411(A)

Instruction : 3 Lectures & 1 Tutorial / week End Exam : 3 Hours **Credits : 3** Sessional Marks : 40 End Exam Marks : 60

Prerequisites:

Environmental studies

Course Objectives:

From this course students will learn the following

- 1. To understand the fundamentals of environmental components
- 2. To make the students conversant with sources and its demand of water
- 3. To study the information about air pollution and its effects
- 4. To understand the knowledge about solid waste generation and disposal methods

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Analyze characteristics of water and wastewater and their sources of pollution
- 2. Identify types of air pollutants and their impact by analyzing meteorological parameters
- 3. Analyze solid waste for different characteristics and it effects on improper disposal
- 4. Estimate the Noise pollution level and its ill effects
- 5. Assess the impact on Environmental components and prepare the impact statements

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	1					2								2
	2	3	2				2	3								2
СО	3	3	2				2	3								2
	4	3	2				2	3								1
	5	3	2				3	3								2

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

Environment: Definition-components-importance of environmental education-need for public awareness-impacts of human on environment-conservation of natural resources-Adverse effects- sustainable development.

UNIT – II

Water: Need and objectives for protected water supply system-Water demands– factors affecting fluctuations– design period – population forecast – water quality and testing – drinking water standards- unit operations in water treatment

10 Periods

UNIT – III

Wastewater: Introduction to sanitation – definition of terms- systems of sanitation – relative merits & demerits – collection and conveyance of waste water – sewerage – classification of sewerage systems- characteristics of sewage-disposal standards

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Air & Noise pollution: Sources of Air pollution– Air pollutants – classification – effects on human– global effects - air pollution control -Noise pollution – Impacts – measurement and control-Permissible standards

UNIT – V

Solid waste management: Solid waste types- characteristics – generation – collection – segregation and transportation- engineered systems for solid waste management (reuse/ recycle recovery, treatment and disposal)

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Howard S. Peavy, Donand P. Rowe, George Technobanoglous, "Environmental Engineering", McGraw-Hill, New York.
- 2. Duggal, K.N. (2010), "Elements of Environmental Engineering", S. Chand Publishers, 7th Edition.

REFERENCES

- 1. Birdie, G.S. and Birdie, (1992), "Water Supply and Sanitary Engineering", Dhanpat Rai & Sons,.
- 2. Akola debi, "Environmental science and education" 2nd edition.
- Garg, S.K. (1999), "Water supply Engineering Environmental Engineering (Vol.I)" –Khanna Publishers.
- 4. Garg, S.K. (1999), "Sewage Disposal and Air Pollution Engineering Environmental Engineering (Vol.II)" Khanna Publishers.
- 5. Metcalf and Eddy,(2005) "Waste Water Engineering, Collection, Treatment and Disposal", Tata McGraw Hill, Inc., New York.
- 6. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

8 Periods

8 Periods

OPEN ELECTIVE - II

WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION

CIV 411(B)

Instruction : 3 Lectures & 1 Tutorial / week End Exam : 3 Hours Credits : 3 Sessional Marks : 40 End Exam Marks : 60

Prerequisites:

Water Resources Engineering -1

Course Objectives:

From this course students will be able to

- 1. understand the concept of watershed management
- 2. identify the characteristics of watershed
- 3. study the principle of soil erosion and methods controls soil erosion
- 4. study different techniques for water harvesting
- 5. study different factors responsible for land management

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain water hydrology and environmental influence.
- 2. Outline the concepts of Artificial Ground Water Recharge.
- 3. Discuss the Concept of Water Harvesting.
- 4. Explain Reuse & Recycle of Waste Water and Watershed Management.
- 5. Explain objectives and concept of watershed management

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2			2		1	1	1		1	1				1
	2	2			2		1	1	1		1	1				1
СО	3	2			2		1	1	1		1	1				2
	4	2			2		1	1	1		1	1				1
	5	2			2		1	1	1		1	1				2

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

Introduction: Concept of watershed development, objectives of watershed development, need for watershed development, Integrated and multidisciplinary approach for watershed management.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

Characteristics of Watersheds: Size, shape, physiography, slope, climate, drainage, land use, vegetation, geology and soils, hydrology and hydrogeology, socio-economic characteristics, basic data on watersheds.

8 Periods

UNIT – III

Principles of Erosion: Types and causes of erosion, factors affecting erosion, estimation of soil loss due to erosion- Universal soil loss equation.

Measures to Control Erosion: Contour techniques, ploughing, furrowing, trenching, bunding, terracing, gully control, check dams, rock-fill dams, Gabion.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Water Harvesting: Techniques of rain water harvesting- rain water harvesting from roof top, surface flow harvesting, subsurface flow harvesting, stop dams, farm ponds and dugout ponds, percolation tanks.

UNIT – V

Land Management: Land use and Land capability classification, management of forest, agricultural, grassland and wild land, land grading operation, Reclamation of saline and alkaline soils.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Murthy, J. V. S, (2006) "Watershed Management" New Age International Publishers
- 2. Murthy, V. V. N, (2007) "Land and Water Management" Kalyani Publications

REFERENCES

- 1. Das, M.M. and Saikia, M.D (2013) "Watershed Management", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd
- 2. Wurbs R A and James R A (2002.) "Water Resource Engineering", Prentice Hall Publishers
- 3. Black P E (1996) "Watershed Hydrology" Prentice Hall
- 4. Relevant NPTEL Courses

8 Periods

8 Periods

OPEN ELECTIVE - II

ELEMENTS OF TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING

CIV 411(C)

Instruction : 3 Lectures & 1 Tutorial / week End Exam : 3 Hours

Credits : 3 Sessional Marks : 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisite:

Nil

Course Objective:

- 1. To study the various modes of transportation.
- 2. To know the different traffic control devices.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Explain different types of pavements and their components
- 2. Describe the importance of railways in National Development and analyse components of Railway Track.
- 3. Outline the classification of Airports and its components including wind rose diagrams.
- 4. Illustrate the classification of harbours, ports and their layout components
- 5. Describe about various shapes of tunnels and methods of tunnelling, ventilation and lighting.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	1				1				1		1			2
	2	3	1				1				1		1			
CO	3	3	1								1		2			
	4	3	1								1		2			
	5	3	1								1		2			

SYLLABUS

12 Periods

Highway Engineering : Modes of transportation, Classification of roads, Types of Pavements & Components- Flexible and Rigid Pavements and Super elevation, Traffic Control Devices.

UNIT – II

UNIT – I

Railway Engineering: Importance of Railways in National Development, Railway Track (Permanent Way) – Components and Functions, Points and Crossings.

UNIT – III

12 Periods

Airport engineering: Airport Classification, Definitions of terms and standards, Airport site selection, Orientation of runway – Wind rose.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Harbour Engineering: Definition of terms – Harbour, port, dock, tides, waves – Classification of Harbours, Different ports in India, Harbour and port layout – Components and functions – Coastal erosion and prevention measures.

UNIT – V

Tunnel Engineering: Definition, Shapes of tunnels, Selection of route for tunnels, Shafts, Methods of tunneling, Ventilation and lighting.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Subramanian, K.P. (2003), "Highway, Railway, Airport and Harbour Engineering" Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd

REFERENCES

- 1. Khanna S. K. & Justo, C. E. G. (1973), "Highway Engineering" Nemchand & Brothers, Roorkee, (3rd Edition).
- 2. Partha Chakroborty & Animesh Das, (2003), "Principles of Transportation Engineering" Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, (6th Edition)
- 3. Rattan Chand Sharma & Surendra Kumar Sharma, (2007), "Highway Engineering" Asia Publication.
- 4. Punmia, B.C. (2006) "Tunnel Engineering" Laxmi Publications.
- 5. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

Note: As the subject is an Open elective taken by non-civil engineering students, the student is expected to gain only elementary knowledge of the subject.

12 Periods

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - II

ADVANCED GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING

CIV 412(A)

Instruction : 3 Lectures / week End Exam : 3 Hours Credits : 3 Sessional Marks : 40 End Exam Marks : 60

Prerequisites:

Geotechnical Engineering - I, Geotechnical Engineering - II

Course Objective:

The course content enables students to learn the different advanced techniques in Geotechnical Engineering.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to;

- 1. Classify various clay minerals based on their structure and properties
- 2. Outline the components and forces acting on Well Foundations
- 3. Assess different foundation techniques adopted in expansive soil.
- 4. Describe various types and design principles of Retaining walls
- 5. Outline the components and types of bracing systems

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	1										1		1	
	2	2	3	3									1		2	
СО	3	3	3	1									1		1	
	4	2	3	3									1		2	
	5	2	3	3									1		2	

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

8 Periods

8 Periods

Clay Minerals: Classification, Structure, properties; Identification of clay minerals - X ray Diffraction, Electron Microscope and Differential Thermal Analysis.

UNIT – II

Well Foundations: Introduction, Caissons, Shapes of well Foundation, Components of Well Foundation, Depth of Well Foundation, Forces acting on Well Foundation, Construction of Well Foundation, Tilting and shifting of Wells.

UNIT – III

Foundations in Expansive Solis : Introduction, Damage to structures built on Expansive Soil, Factors affecting Seasonal Moisture Variation, Active zone, Mechanism of Swelling,

Factors influencing Heave, determination of Swelling Pressure, Foundation Techniques in expansive soil

UNIT – IV

Retaining structures: Introduction, uses, types, stability and design principles of retaining walls, backfill drainage, coffer dams.

UNIT – V

Braced cuts: Introduction, types of sheeting and Bracing systems, lateral earth pressure on sheeting in sand and clay, Design components of braced cuts.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Narasinga Rao, B.N.D. (2015), "Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering", Wiley Publishers.
- 2. Arora, K.R. (2001), "Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering", Standard Publishers, Delhi.

REFERENCES

- 1. Gopal Ranjan and Rao,A.S.R. (2007), "Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics", New age International (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2. Murthy, V.N.S. (2009), "A text book of Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering", UBS Publishers Distributors Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Punmia, B.C. (1995) "Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering", Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. Braja M. Das, (2005), "Fundamentals of Geotechnical Engineering", Thomson Asia Pvt. Ltd., Singapore.
- 5. Venkatappa Rao G & Suryanarayana Raju GVS (1990), "Engineering with Geosynthetics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.
- 6. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

8 Periods

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - II

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

CIV 412(B)

Instruction : 3 Lectures / week End Exam : 3 Hours **Credits : 3** Sessional Marks : 40 End Exam Marks : 60

Course Objectives:

From this course students will learn the following

- 1. Learn about the nature of disasters
- 2. Understand about administrative management of disasters
- 3. Learn about the importance of pre disaster measures

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the effects of natural and man-made disasters
- 2. Illustrate the administrative setup and risk management strategies of disasters
- 3. Select the suitable disaster relief measures with specific considerations
- 4. Analyse the environmental and health effects of hazards
- 5. Describe the case studies of natural and man-made disasters across the world

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2					2	3				1	1	1		
	2	2					2	3				1	1	1		
СО	3	2					2	3				1	1	1		
	4	2					2	3				1	1	1		
	5	2					2	3				1	1	1		

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

Disasters - Nature and extent of disasters, Natural disasters like earthquakes, floods, drought, volcanoes, forest fires, hazards, landslides, tsunami, etc. Manmade disasters like chemical and industrial hazards, nuclear hazards, fire hazards etc.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

Disaster Management - Administrative setup and organization, Risk management, strategies of risk reduction, disaster resilience, emergency management programme, Information management.

8 Periods

UNIT – III

Disaster Monitoring & Mitigation - Relief measures (short-term and long-term), financing the relief expenditure, legal aspects, rescue and refugee operations, disaster recovery, mitigation measures.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Hazard Analysis - Training of personnel, Emergency facilities and equipment necessary, public awareness creation, Impact of disasters on environment and poverty, health hazards of disasters.

UNIT – V

Case studies - Detailed case studies on Earth-quakes, floods, landslides, industrial hazards and fire accidents in India, INCOIS (Hyd), NIDM (Delhi).

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Guptha, H.K. (2001), "Disaster management", University Press, New Delhi, 2nd Edition.
- 2. Singh, R.B (2000), "Disaster management", Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2nd edition.

REFERENCES

- 1. Krishnamurthy, R.R (2002), "Disaster Management", University Press, New Delhi, 1st edition.
- 2. Seetharaman, S (1999), "Construction Engineering and Management", Umesh Publications, New Delhi, 4th Edition.
- 3. Gupta, M.C (2002), "Manuals on Natural Disaster management in India", National Centre for Disaster Management, IIPA, New Delhi,.
- 4. Relevant NPTEL Courses

8 Periods

8 Periods

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - II

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL

CIV 412(C)

Instruction : 3 Lectures / week End Exam : 3 Hours **Credits : 3** Sessional Marks : 40 End Exam Marks : 60

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to:

- 1. To impart the knowledge on air pollution.
- 2. To analyze causes and effects of air pollution.
- 3. To familiarize with strategic planning for control of air pollution.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the Sources of Air pollutants and its classification.
- 2. Analyse meteorological parameters and its effect on air pollutants
- 3. Predict various effects of air pollutants on humans, animals, plants and materials
- 4. Select suitable control equipment for gaseous air pollutants
- 5. Select suitable control equipment for particulate air pollutants

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2						3			1					1
	2	2		1			2	3			1					2
СО	3	2						2			1					1
	4	2						2			1					1
	5	2						2			1					2

SYLLABUS

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{I}$

Air Pollution and its definition, Factors influencing air pollution, Classification of pollutants particulates, Sources of pollution, Air qualities standards, effects.

UNIT – II

Meteorology: Wind rose diagrams, lapse rates, mixing depth, atmospheric dispersion, plume behaviour, Effective stack height, stack monitoring and ambient air quality monitoring.

UNIT – III

Air Pollution effects: On human beings, animals, plants and materials, Air Pollution Episodes in India (Kanpur, Delhi and Agra) and abroad (London, Beijing).

9 Periods

9 Periods

UNIT – IV

Control of air pollution (Gaseous): Air pollution control equipments (units) such as setting chamber, cyclones, electrostatic precipitators, after burners, absorption, adsorption, Diffusion.

UNIT – V

Control of air pollution (Particulate): Air pollution control equipments (units) such as wet scrubbers/collectors, scrubbers, centrifugal scrubbers, spray towers, packed beds.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Rao, M.N. and Rao, H.V.N. "Air Pollution", Tata McGraw Hill Company.
- 2. Elements of Air Pollution Control by Prof. T. Shivaji Rao
- 3. Muralikrishna, K.V.S.G. "Air pollution", Kaushal Publications Kakinada.

REFERENCES

- 1. Air Pollution Control Technology by T. Painter.
- 2. Wark and Warner, "Air pollution", Harper & Row, New York.
- 3. Air Pollution Control by K.V.S.G. Murali Krishna.
- 4. Fundamentals of Air Pollution by Dr. B.S.N. Raju, Oxford & I.B.H.
- 5. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

9 Periods

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - II

SOIL DYNAMICS & MACHINE FOUNDATIONS

CIV 412(D)

Instruction : 3 Lectures / week End Exam : 3 Hours Credits : 3 Sessional Marks : 40 End Exam Marks : 60

Prerequisites:

Geotechnical Engineering-II

Course Objectives:

From this course students will learn the following

- 1. To understand the fundamentals of soil dynamics
- 2. To know the behaviour of the machine foundations and its design
- 3. To understand the techniques of isolation

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Analyse the dynamics of machine foundations
- 2. Illustrate Natural frequency of foundation and dynamic properties of soils
- 3. Describe the concepts of apparent soil mass and foundation-soil system analogies
- 4. Summarize the principles and requirements of various machine foundations
- 5. Explain different types of Vibration Isolation Techniques

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	2												2	
	2	3	2												2	
СО	3	3	2												2	
	4	3	2	1											2	
	5	3	2												2	

SYLLABUS

9 Periods

Methods of dynamic analysis-Lumped mass method – Procedure for Dynamic analysis of machine foundations-Resonance and its effect – free and forced Vibrations with and without damping – Magnification factor –Logarithmic decrement.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

UNIT – I

9 Periods

Natural frequency of foundation – soil system – Barkan's and I.S. methods of determining natural frequency.

Dynamic Properties of Soils: Coefficient of elastic, uniform and non-uniform compression and shear -Determination of dynamic properties of soil-Steady state vibration test, block vibration test, cyclic plate load test.

UNIT – III

Apparent soil mass – bulb of pressure concept – Pauw's analogy of foundation – soil system. Elastic half space theory-elastic half space analogue method-elastic soil spring anlogy.

UNIT – IV General requirements of machine foundations-Principles of Design of Foundations for Reciprocating, Impact machines, Foundation for Rotary- Low, Medium & High as per IS code.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

Vibration Isolation Technique; Mechanical isolation - Foundation Isolation - isolation by location - isolation by barriers- active and passive isolation tests.

Dynamic Bearing capacity of shallow foundations; Pile foundations under dynamic loads.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Narasinga Rao, B.N.D.(2015), Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Chapter-22, Pages 927-962 Wiley Publishers
- 2. Srinivasulu P and Vaidyanathan, C.V. (1976) "Hand-book of machine foundations", Tata McGraw Hill Publications, 28th Reprint, 2014, © Structural Engineering Research Centre, Madras.

REFERENCES

- 1. Swami Saran, Soil Dynamics and Machine Foundations., Galgotia Publications Pvt Ltd.1999.
- 2. Shamsher prakash, Gopal ranjan and swami saran, Analysis and design of Foundations and Retaining Structure, M/s Saritha Prakashan., Meerut.
- 3. Richart hall, Vibrations of soils and Foundation by Richart Hall, Woods Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey.
- 4. Punmia, B.C., Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering., M/s. Lakshmi publishing
- 5. Relevant I.S. Codes.
- 6. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

5 Periods

9 Periods

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - II

OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

CIV 412(E)

Instruction : 3 Lectures / week End Exam : 3 Hours **Credits : 3** Sessional Marks : 40 End Exam Marks : 60

Course Objectives:

- 1. To learn about different approaches in civil engineering.
- 2. To known about formulation of the problem.
- 3. To understanding problem solution by Linear programming method, duality theory and sensitivity analysis.
- 4. To know various applications of linear programming with respect to civil engineering.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Explain the basics of formulation of structural optimization problems.
- 2. Explain different linear programming methods
- 3. Apply Linear programming methods to optimal structural design problems.

4. Apply optimization techniques in problems related to various specializations in civil engineering

5. Analyse the different methods for nonlinear programming for optimization in civil engineering

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2												1		
	2	2												1		
СО	3	2												1		
	4	2												1		
	5	2												1		

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

12 Periods

Introduction to planning and optimization - Planning process - systems - Systems approach in Civil Engineering - Principles of modelling.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

12 Periods

Linear programming - Formulation of the problem - Graphical solution

UNIT – III

Solution methods of linear programming problems - Standard form of linear programming problems - Simplex method - Simple problems.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Applications of linear programming in civil engineering - Transportation - Construction– Structural Design - Pipe network - Water resource planning.

UNIT – V

Non-Linear programming: Deterministic Methods - Unconstrained and constrained Optimization - Kuhn-Tucker conditions, Direct search and gradient methods - One dimensional search methods - DFP and BFGS algorithms.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Rao. S.S, (2014), "Engineering optimization", Fourth edition, John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Kranthiswamy, (2016), "Operations Research Perspectives", Elsevier.

REFERENCES

- 1. Haftka, R.T. and Gurdal, Z., (1992),"Elements of Structural Optimization", Third Revised Edition, Kluwer Academic Publishers.
- 2. Arora, J.S, (2004), "Introduction to Optimum Design", Second Edition, Elsevier.
- 3. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

12 Periods

12 Periods

PROJECT PLANNING & MANAGEMENT

CIV 413

Instruction : 3 Lectures & 1 Tutorial / week End Exam : 3 Hours **Credits : 3** Sessional Marks : 40 End Exam Marks : 60

Course Objectives:

From this course students will learn the

- 1. Role and responsibilities of a project manager
- 2. Importance of project management in civil engineering projects
- 3. Management of resources in construction project
- 4. Understand labour problems and legislation in India

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Prepare the schedule of actives and Estimate Project completion time by conventional techniques in a construction project
- 2. Estimate project completion time using various network techniques namely CPM and PERT
- 3. Analyse the project network for Optimization of cost, crash duration and assess for updating by considering project delays
- 4. Classify different types of contracts and able to identify the prerequisite of tendering process

5. Identify scientific management techniques and fundamentals of labour management

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	3									3		3		
	2	3	3	2		3						3		3		
CO	3	3	3	2		3						3		3		
	4	3					2					3		3		
	5	3										3		3		

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

12 Periods

Planning and Scheduling: Introduction, Project management, Steps involved in planning; Objectives; Principles; Advantages; Limitations; Stages of planning; Scheduling, Preparation of construction schedules; Methods of scheduling; Bar charts; Mile stone charts; Controlling; Job layout; Factors affecting job layout; Project work break down; Activities involved; Assessing activity duration.

Project Management Through Networks : Objectives of network techniques; Fundamentals of network analysis; Events; Activities; Dummies; Types of networks; Choice of network type; Advantages of network techniques over conventional techniques.

UNIT – II

Program Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT): Introduction; Time estimates; Earliest expected time; Latest allowable occurrence time; Slack; Critical path; Probability of completion time for a project.

Critical Path Method (CPM): Introduction; Difference between CPM and PERT; Earliest event time; Latest event time; Activity time; Float; Critical activities and critical path.

UNIT – III

Cost analysis: Direct and indirect costs, operation time, Normal and crash points, optimising project cost, crash limit, Free float limit, Optimisation.

Updating – Process of updating; when to update

Resource scheduling – Resource smoothening, Resource levelling, circle notation and arrow notation.

UNIT – IV

Contracts: Definition, Conditions of contract, Contract document, Piece work Agreement form, work order; Types of contracts – Lumpsum contract; Lumpsum and schedule contract, Item rate contract, sub-contracts, joint ventures. Contract system with tenders – Definitions – Contractor, Quotation, Earnest money, Security money, Tender, Tender notice, Tender form.

UNIT – V

Management – Scope of the Construction Management, Significance of Construction management, Concept of Scientific Management, Qualities of Manager.

Organisation – Authority, Policy, Recruitment process and Training Development of Personnel Department, Labour problems, Labour legislation in India.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Punmia. B.C. and Khandelwal, K.K. (2016) "Project Planning and Control with PERT and CPM ", Laxmi Publications Ltd., New Delhi, 4th Edition.
- Sengupta. B, Guha. H (2004), "Construction Management and Planning"; Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi. 1st Edition

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Srinath, L.S,(2001) "PERT & CPM Principles and Applications";Affiliated East West Press, 3rd Edition.
- 2. Dutta, B.N.(2016), "Estimating and Costing in Civil Engineering", Charator Publishing House 28th Edition.
- 3. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

10 Periods

12 Periods

STEEL STRUCTURES

CIV 414

Instruction : 3 Lectures & 1 Tutorial / week End Exam : 3 Hours **Credits : 3** Sessional Marks : 40 End Exam Marks : 60

Prerequisites:

Engineering Mechanics, Strength of materials, Structural Analysis

Course objectives:

The objective of this course is to

- 1. Familiarize students with different types of connections and relevant IS codes
- 2. Understand the design concepts of tension and compression members
- 3. Familiarize students with concepts of design of flexural members
- 4. Understand the design concepts of plate girder
- 5. Familiarize students with different types of column bases and their design

Course outcomes:

At the end of this course the student will be able to

- 1. Analyse and design structural steel bolted joints.
- 2. Analyse and design structural steel welded joints, members subjected to tension.
- 3. Analyse and design structural steel members subjected to compression.
- 4. Analyse and design a column base, structural steel members subjected to bending.
- 5. Analyse and design a welded plate girder.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
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	2	3	3	3			3		2					3		
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	4	3	3	3			3		2					3		
	5	3	3	3			3		2					3		

SYLLABUS

Note: All the designs should be in the limit state design method as per IS 800-2007

UNIT – I

12 Periods

Introduction: Fundamentals of Design philosophies, Concepts of limit state design of structures, Different types of rolled steel sections. Stress – Strain relationship for mild steel. **Bolted connections:** Behaviour of bolted joints, Design strength of ordinary black bolts, high strength friction grip bolts, Simple connections (subjected to only axial load), Eccentric bolted connections (Type - I & Type - II)

UNIT – II

Welded Connections: Advantages of welded joints, Types and properties of welds, Types of joints, weld specifications, Simple connections (subjected to axial load), Eccentric welded connections (Type - I & Type - II)

Tension members: Design of angles and other sections for tension.

UNIT – III

Compression members: Design of axially loaded compression members, built up compression members, Laced and Battened columns. Column splices

UNIT – IV

Column bases: Allowable stress in bearing, Slab base, Gusset base

Beams: Beam types, section classifications, lateral stability of beams, Allowable stress in bending, shear and Bearing stresses, Effective length of compression flange, laterally supported and unsupported beams..

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

Plate girders: Design considerations, IS Code of recommendations, Design of welded plate girder, Stiffeners and their connections

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Duggal, S.K. (2014) "Limit State Design of steel structures", McGraw Hill Education Private Ltd.
- 2. Subramanian, N. (2011) "Design of Steel structures", Oxford University Press.

REFERENCES

- 1. Ramarmutham, S (2014), "Design of steel structures", Dhanpat Rai Publication company.
- 2. Sai Ram, K.S. (2015) "Design of steel structures", Pearson Education India.
- 3. Bhavikatti, S.S. (2014) "Design of steel structures by Limit State Method as per IS: 800-2007", IK International Publishing House.
- 4. IS 800 2007, "Indian Standard Code of Practise for General Construction in Steel" Bureau of Indian Standards.
- 5. Relevant NPTEL Courses.



12 Periods

12 Periods

WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING - II

CIV 415 Instruction: 3 Lectures & 1 Tr

Instruction: 3 Lectures & 1 Tutorial / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 3** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisites:

Fluid Mechanics – II; Water Resources Engineering - I

Course Objective:

To provide the necessary background for understanding the storage of water, various Head, Regulation and Cross drainage works and Hydel Power production.

Course Outcomes:

By the end of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Explain different types of storage works and Analyse gravity dams
- 2. Perform the seepage analysis in earthen dams and design suitable spillway
- 3. Determine the necessity of diversion head works and design weirs on permeable foundations.
- 4. Determine the necessity of regulatory works on canals and design different types of falls.
- 5. Suggest suitable river training works and to assess the availability of Hydro power and its utilization.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

					PSO											
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	3				3									3
	2	3	3	3			3									3
CO	3	3	3				3									3
	4	3	3	3			3									3
	5	3	3				3									3

SYLLABUS

Storage Works: Classification of dams, factors governing selection of type of dam, selection of site, preliminary investigations.

Gravity Dams: Types, Forces acting on a gravity dam, stability criteria, modes of failure, elementary and practical profiles, stability analysis, stress analysis, Construction joints, openings in dams - galleries, foundation treatment of gravity dam.

UNIT-II

UNIT-I

12 Periods

Earth Dams: Types, foundation for earth dams, causes for failure of earth dams, criteria for safe design, phreatic line, seepage analysis – seepage control through body and foundation. Spillways: Essential requirements, spillway capacity, components, types of spillways and their working, design of ogee spillway, spillway crest gates, energy dissipation below spill way, scour protection, use of hydraulic jump as energy dissipater.

UNIT – III

Diversion Head Works: Location and components, effects of construction of weirs on permeable foundation, Bligh's, Lane's and Khosla's theories, weirs and barrages, weirs on permeable foundations, design of weir, silt control devices.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Regulation Works: Canal falls, definition, necessity and location, classification of falls, design principles of notch fall (Sarda Type & Trapezoidal Type only), canal head regulator, cross regulator and off-take alignment.

Cross Drainage Works: Types, factors affecting the suitability of each type, classification, design principles of Aqueduct (Type-III).

UNIT – V

Water Power Engineering: Development of hydro power in India, assessment of available power, utilization factor, load factor, diversity factor, storage and pondage, types of hydro power schemes, components of hydel schemes – forebay, intake structure, trash racks, water hammer, surge tanks, substructure and super structure of power house.

River Engineering: Classification of Rivers, River Training and its objectives, Classification of River Training Works, Methods for River Training, Marginal Embankments or Levees, Guide Banks or Guide Bunds, Groynes or Spurs, Cut-offs, Bank Pitching and Launching Aprons, Pitched Islands, Miscellaneous Methods.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Punmia, B.C. and Lal Pande B.B. (1992), "Irrigation and Water Power Engineering", Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 12th edition.
- 2. Garg, S.K. (1999), Irrigation Engineering and Hydrology Structures, Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 14thEdition.

REFERENCES

- 1. Modi, P.N. (2004), "Irrigation, Water Resources and Water Power Engineering", Standard Book House, Delhi, 6th Edition.
- 2. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

12 Periods

12 Periods

TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING - II

CIV 416

Instruction: 3 Lectures & 1 Tutorial / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 3** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisites:

Nil

Course Objective:

- 1. To study various components and their functions in a railway track.
- 2. To acquire design principles of geometrics in a railway track.
- 3. To study various elements in points and crossings.
- 4. To acquire design principles of airport geometrics and pavements.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Identify the components of permanent way and their functions.
- 2. Design geometrics of a railway track and identify criteria for fixing the alignment
- 3. Explain various points and crossings and drainage of a railway track
- 4. Select suitable site for airport by analysing aircraft characteristics and outline measures air traffic control
- 5. Appraise the basic elements of port and harbours

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								РО						PSO			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
	1	3	3												3		
	2	3	3	3											3		
СО	3	3	3												3		
	4	3	3												3		
	5	3	3												3		

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

12 Periods

RAILWAY ENGINEERING – 1: Role of railways in transportation - classification of modes - Comparison of railway and highway transportation - Historical development of railways in India - Advantages of Railways – Classification of Indian Railways – Engineering Surveys for Track Alignment – Obligatory points – Gauges in railway track - Permanent way -Components and their functions – Types of Rails - Rail joints – Welding of Rails – Creep of Rails – Rail fixtures & Fastenings - Coning of Wheels.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

RAILWAY ENGINEERING – 2: Track alignment – requirements of good alignment, factors in selection of good alignment; Geometric design of the track – Gradients and Grade Compensation, Super-Elevation, Widening of Gauges in Curves, Transition Curves, Horizontal/Vertical Curves.

UNIT – III

RAILWAY ENGINEERING – 3: Points and crossings – Necessity – Types, component parts and their functions; Track junctions – types of track junctions; Track drainage – Layout of Railway stations and yards – Signals – Interlocking – Track circuiting – Track Maintenance.

UNIT – IV

AIRPORT ENGINEERING: Layout of Airports – Components functions – Aircraft characteristics – Airport site selection – Airport obstructions and zoning – Runway design – Visual aids – Air traffic control.

UNIT – V

DOCK & HARBOUR ENGINEERING : Layout of Port components – Functions – Classification of Ports – Site selection – breakwaters - Natural Phenomenon – Tides, Winds, Waves, Currents – Drift – warehouses - Navigational aids.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Saxena S.C and Arora S.P "Railway Engineering", Dhanapat Rai Publications, 6th Edition, 2004.
- 2. Khanna, S.K. and Arora, M.G. "Airport Planning and Design" Nemchand & Bros., 6th Edition (1999).

REFERENCES

- 1. K.P.Subramanian (2003), "Highway, Railway, Airport and Harbour Engineering" Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Rangwala S.C & K.S. "Railway Engineering", Charotar Publications, 14th Edition, 2005.
- 3. Robert M. Horonjeff, "Planning and Design of Airports", Mc Graw Hill Publications, 2008.
- 4. Chadula, S.P. "Railway Engineering-A text book of Transportation Engineering", S.Chand & Co. Ltd. (2001).
- 5. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

12 Periods

12 Periods

COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING LAB – II

CIV 417

Instruction: 3 Practicals / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 2** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisites:

Reinforced Concrete Structures, Steel Structures

Course Objective:

- 1. To develop skill to use software to create 2D and 3D models
- 2. To acquire hands on experience in design and preparation of structural drawings for concrete / steel structures normally encountered in Civil Engineering practice

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Analyse and design the structures by using Staad Pro.
- 2. Analyse and design the 2D Trusses and Gable frames by using Staad Pro.
- 3. Draw the plan, section, and elevation of a building Using AUTO CAD
- 4. Create 2D and 3D models using 3D Home architect

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

				РО													
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12											1	2	3			
	1	3	3			3	3			3	3			3			
со	2	3	3	3		3	3			3	3			3			
	3	3	3	3		3	3			3	3			3			
	4	3	3	3		3	3			3	3			3			

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

STAAD PRO:

- 1. Analysis and design of beams
- 2. Analysis and design of 2D portal frame
- 3. Analysis and design of 3D portal frame
- 4. Analysis and design of truss
- 5. Analysis and design of 2D Gable frame

AUTOCAD + 3D Home Architect:

- 1. Drawing of reinforcement detailing of basic RC structural elements (Beams, Column, Slab, Footing and Staircase)
- 2. Drawing of isometric projections of standard rolled steel sections
- 3. 3D Home architect create 2D plans
- 4. 3D Home architect create 3D model
- 5. 3DHome architect render & walk through

REFERENCES

- 1. Krishnamoorthy, C.S. and Rajeev, S., Computer Aided Design and Analytical Tools, Narosa, 1993
- 2. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING LAB

CIV 418

Instruction: 3 Practicals / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 2** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisite:

Transportation Engineering - I, Geotechnical Engineering - II

Course Objective:

- 1. To perform tests on road aggregates.
- 2. To demonstrate the Marshall Stability test.
- 3. To perform tests on bitumen.
- 4. To perform tests on soil.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Examine the properties of the aggregates
- 2. Determine the properties of the bitumen.
- 3. Design of bituminous mix by Marshall Stability test

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								РО						PSO		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	3		2		3			3	3				3	
СО	2	3	3		2		3			3	3				3	
	3	3	3		2		3			3	3				3	

SYLLABUS

- 1. **Testing of Aggregates** : Specific gravity Sieve Analysis Shape test Flakiness Index Elongation Index Angularity Number Aggregate Crushing value Impact value Abrasion value Stripping value & Soundness.
- 2. **Testing of Bituminous material**: Specific gravity Penetration value Viscosity value Softening point Ductility value Flash and Fire point.
- 3. **Design of bituminous mix by** Marshall Stability Test.

REFERENCES

- 1. Khanna S. K. & Justo, C. E. G. (1973), "Highway Engineering" Nemchand & Brothers, Roorkee, (3rd Edition).
- 2. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - III

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE

CIV 421(A)

Instruction: 3 Lectures / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 3** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Pre-requisites:

Strength of materials, Concrete technology, Reinforced Concrete Structures

Course objectives:

The objective of this course is to

- 4. To know the different pre-stressing systems and the losses in pre-stressing
- 5. To analyse and design the sections for flexure and shear.
- 6. To evaluate the stresses at the end blocks of a pre-stressed member

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the Course, the Student will be able to:

- 1. Explain the principle of prestressing & also the different methods and systems of prestressing
- 2. Calculate the loss of prestress in pretensioned and posttensioned members
- 3. Analyse a Pre-stressed Concrete beam section
- 4. Design pre-tensioned and post tensioned girders for flexure and shear
- 5. Design of end blocks for pre and post tensioned sections

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO						PSO			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
	1	2									1			3			
	2	2	3								1			3			
СО	3	3	3								1			3			
	4	3	3	3							1			3			
	5	3	3	3	1						1			3			

SYLLABUS

12 Periods

Introduction

UNIT – I

Historic development – General principles of pre-stressing – pre-tensioning and post tensioning – Advantages and limitations of pre-stressed concrete – Materials – High strength concrete and high tensile steel and their characteristics.

Prestressing Methods: I.S.Code provisions, Methods and Systems of Pre-stressing; Pretensioning and post tensioning methods – Different systems of pre-stressing like Hoyer system, Magnel Blaton system, Freyssinet system and Gifford Udall System.

UNIT – II

Losses of Prestress

Loss of pre-stress in pre tensioned and post tensioned members due to various causes like elastic shortage of concrete, shrinkage of concrete, creep of concrete, Relaxation of steel, slip in anchorage bending of member and frictional losses.

UNIT – III 12 Periods

Analysis of Sections for Flexure

Analysis of sections for flexure; Elastic analysis of concrete beams pre-stressed with straight, Concentric, eccentric, bent and parabolic tendons.

UNIT – IV

Design of Sections for Flexure and Shear

Allowable stress, Design criteria as per I.S.Code – Elastic design of simple rectangular and I-section for flexure, shear, and principal stresses.

UNIT - V

Analysis of End Blocks

Analysis of end Blocks by Guyon's method and Magnel method, Anchorage zone stress – Approximate method of design – Anchorage zone reinforcement – Transfer of pre- stress in pre-tensioned members.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Krishna Raju N. (2012) "Prestressed Concrete", Tata Mc.Graw Hill Publications, 5th Edition.
- 2. Ramamrutham S. (2015) Prestressed Concrete, Dhanpatrai Publications, 4th Edition.

REFERENCES

- 1. Lin T.Y, and Ned H. Burns, (2010) "Design of Prestressed Concrete Structures", Wiley Publications
- 2. Rajagopalan. N (2006) "Prestressed Concrete", Narosa publications, 2nd Edition.
- 3. I.S. 1343-2012 "Indian Standard Code of Practise for Prestressed Concrete", Bureau of Indian Standards.
- 4. Relevant NPTEL Courses.



12 Periods

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - III ADVANCED FLUID MECHANICS

CIV 421(B)

Instruction: 3 Lectures / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 3** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisites:

Fluid Mechanics - I & Fluid Mechanics - II

Course Objectives:

- 1. To develop an insight into engineering problems related to fluids.
- 2. Student is expected to learn about the viscous effects on fluid motion to solve complex problems in engineering.
- 3. Student shall be able to know different types of fluid flows and apply the principles of conservations of mass, momentum and energy.

Course Outcomes:

By the end of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Explain the viscous effects on fluid motion.
- 2. Compute the forces on submerged bodies and induced drag on bodies.
- 3. Analyze canal transitions using the principles of momentum and energy conservation.
- 4. Analyze gradually varied flow in open channels.
- 5. Analyze unsteady fluid flow in open channels.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO						PSO		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	3								1					2
	2	3	3								1					2
СО	3	3	3				1	1			1					2
	4	3	3				1	1			1					2
	5	3	3				1	1			1					2

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

9 Periods

Viscous Effects on Fluid Motion: Navier-Stokes Equations (No Derivation) – N.S. equations for standard cases of Plane Two Dimensional and Axisymmetric Flows. Steady Flow between Parallel Plates- Couette and Poiseuille Flows- Unsteady Laminar Flow Past a Flat Plate, Flow through a Circular Annulus- Flow without and with Pressure Gradient-Hagen-Poiseullie Equation, Relationship between Friction factor and Reynolds Number for Laminar Flow through Pipes.

UNIT – II

Drag, Lift & Propulsion: Drag of immersed bodies - Variation of Drag Coefficient with Reynolds Number; Resistance diagram for bodies of revolution- Drag Coefficient of Practical Bodies. Effect of Circulation in Irrotational Flow- Computation of Lift Force- Lift on Airfoil-Lift Coefficient and its Variation with Angle of Attack- Jukowsky Profile- Polar Diagram-Stall - Induced Drag

UNIT – III

Uniform Flow in Open Channels: Uniform Flow Computation- Conveyance of a Channel Section – Section Factor and Hydraulic Exponent. Flow Characteristics in a Closed Conduit with Open Channel Flow. Determination of Normal Depth and Velocity. Design of Channels for Uniform Flow – Design of Non-erodible Channels (Rectangular & Trapezoidal Sections only). Canal Transitions- Change of Depth in Channels with (a) Change in Cross-section and (b) Hump in the Bed- Control Sections- Venturi Flume and Parshall Flume.

UNIT – IV

Varied Flow in Open Channels: Definition of G.V.F. and Derivation of Governing Equation- Mild, Steep, Critical, Horizontal and Adverse Slopes- Classification of G.V.F. Profiles- Backwater and Drawdown Curves- G.V.F. Profiles for Channels with Changing Slopes. Computation of G.V.F. Profiles- Graphical Integration Method and method of Direct Integration (Procedures Only), Direct Step and Standard Step Methods – Computation of G.V.F. Profiles in rectangular channels using Direct and Single Step methods (Simple Slope cases only).

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

Unsteady Flow in Open Channels: Gradually Varied Unsteady Flow –Dynamic Equation for Unsteady Flow – Monoclinical Rising Wave –Dynamic Equation for Uniformly Progressive Flow. Wave Profile of Uniformly Progressive Flow- Dam Break Problem - Wave Propagation.(Solution of Unsteady-flow equations and Spatially varied Unsteady Flow are excluded). Rapidly Varied Unsteady Flow - Uniformly Progressive Flow – Moving Hydraulic jump – Positive and Negative Surges–Pulsating Flow.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Modi, P.N.& Seth, S.M. (2009),"Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machinery", Standard Book House, New Delhi, 19th Edition.
- Subramanyam, K. (2008), "Flow in Open Channels", McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi, 3rd Edition.

REFERENCES

- 1. Jain, A.K. (2008), "Fluid Mechanics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 4th Edition.
- 2. Kumar, K.L., Chand, S. & Co. (2008), "Engineering Fluid Mechanics", Eurasia Publishing House (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 8th Edition.
- 3. Chow, V.T. (2009), "Open-Channel Hydraulics", The Blackburn Press, Caldwell, NJ

9 Periods

9 Periods

9 Periods

USA, 1st Edition

- 4. White, F. M. (2011) "Fluid Mechanics", Tata McGraw Hill Publication, New Delhi, 7th Edition.
- 5. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - III

ADVANCED DESIGN OF STRUCTURES

CIV 421(C)

Instruction: 3 Lectures / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 3** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisites:

Strength of materials, Concrete technology, Reinforced Concrete Structures, Steel Structures

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

From this course students will learn the following

- 1. To learn how to design RCC water tanks and Concrete bridges
- 2. To learn how to design plate girders
- 3. To analyse beams and frames

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the principles of working stress method, design and draw the reinforcement detailing of beams, underground water tanks and tanks resting on ground.
- 2. Design and draw the reinforcement detailing of RCC overhead water tanks.
- 3. Design and draw the reinforcement detailing of RCC concrete bridges.
- 4. Design and draw the detailing of plate girders.
- 5. Analyse beams and frames by applying the concept of plastic analysis.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO						PSO				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
	1	2	2	3										2				
	2	2	2	3										2				
СО	3	2	2	3										2				
	4	2	2	3										2				
	5	2	2											2				

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

Introduction To Working Stress Method: Introduction – Design for bending –Analysis and design of singly reinforced and doubly reinforced beams.

Rectangular RC Water Tanks-I: Introduction – General design requirements according to Indian standard code of practice – Design of on ground and underground water tanks.

UNIT – II

Rectangular RC Water Tanks-II: Introduction – General design requirements according to Indian standard code of practice –Design of over head water tanks.

12 Periods

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UNIT – III

RC Bridges: Components of a bridge in sub structure and super structure. Classification of bridges. Loads on Highway bridges, IRC loading, Design of slab bridge.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Steel Bridges: Bridges: Classification, Loadings, Types of bridges – Deck Type and Through Type, Design of Through Type Bridge - Stringer, Cross Girders.

Bearings & Expansion Joints: Types of bearings, plate bearing, Rocker bearing, Roller bearing, Knuckle pin bearing. Expansion Joints: Introduction and classification.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

Plastic analysis: Introduction, Upper and Lower bound theorems, Uniqueness theorem, Shape factor, Load factor; Collapse load for fixed and continuous beams, Collapse load for a frame of single bay single storey frame.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Punmia, B.C , Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain,(2016) "Limit State Design of Reinforced Concrete" Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd. New Delhi, 16th Edition
- 2. Duggal, S.K. (2014) "Limit State Design of steel structures", McGraw Hill Education Private Ltd.

REFERENCES

- 1. Varghese, P.C., (2009) " Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design", Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi
- 2. Ramamrutham, S. (2015) "Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures", Dhanpat Rai publishing company (P) Ltd.
- 3. Pillai, S.U. & Devdas Menon, (2009) "Reinforced concrete design", Tata McGraw Hill. New Delhi, Third Edition.
- 4. Jain, A.K., (2016) "Reinforced Concrete Design", Charotor Publications. Anand Gujarat, 16th Edition
- 5. Subramanian, N. (2011) "Design of Steel structures", Oxford University Press.
- 6. Relevant Indian Standard Codes
- 7. Relevant NPTEL Courses

12 Periods

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - III

GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES

CIV 421(D)

Instruction: 3 Lectures / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 3** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Course Objective

The course content enables students to learn the different techniques for enhancing the properties of soil.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to;

- 1. Illustrate various methods of ground improvement and their suitability to different field conditions.
- 2. Classify different types of Grouting Techniques and their sequence of operation.
- 3. Outline the applications of Vertical Drains and their construction practices.
- 4. Describe the Types, Functions and Applications of Geosynthetics and identify their Properties.
- 5. Explain the Types, Objectives and methods of Dewatering Techniques

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

							PO						PSO	
		1	2	3	4	11	12	1	2	3				
	1	3	3										3	
	2	3	3										3	
CO	3	3	3										3	
	4	3	3										3	
	5	3	3										3	

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

8 Periods

Introduction – Need for Ground Improvement, Objectives of Ground Improvement, Classification of Ground Improvement Methods, Mechanical Stabilization- Triangular Chart Method and Rothfutch Method, Blasting, Dynamic Compaction/ Consolidation.

Cement stabilization- Mechanism, factors affecting and properties, use of additives, design of soil cement mixtures, construction techniques.

UNIT – II

Soil & Foundation Grouting – Grouting Equipments, Applications, Classification of grouting based on Materials, Grouting Technique and Sequence of Operation.

UNIT – III

Vertical Drains- Preloading, Sand Drains, Prefabricated - Principle, Band Drains or Wick Drain, , Advantages and Disadvantages, Stone columns - Introduction, construction practice,

8 Periods

design principles, vibrofloatation techniques and other techniques like dynamic replacement etc.

UNIT – IV

Geosynthetics-Types, Functions, Applications, Raw materials, Manufacturing methods.

8 Periods

8 Periods

Properties of Geotextiles- Physical Properties, Mechanical Properties, Hydraulic Properties, Survivability and Durability.

UNIT – V

Reinforced Earth – Materials, Applications.

Dewatering- Definition, Objectives, Methods of Dewatering- Open Sumps and Ditches, Well point Systems, Deep Well Systems, Vertical Sand Drains, Electro- Osmosis, cut-off walls.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Narasinga Rao B.N.D (2015), Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Wiley Publishers, pp. 963-1038, 1st Edition.
- 2. Purushothama Raj P. (1999), Ground Improvement Techniques, Lakshmi Publications, New Delhi.

REFERENCES

- 1. Hausmann Manfred R. (1990), Engineering Principles of Ground Modification, McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Moseley, M.D. (1998), Ground Treatment, Blackie Academic and Professional.
- 3. Venkatappa Rao, G. and Suryanarayana Raju, G.V.S. (1990), "Engineering with Geosynthetics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - III

BRIDGE ENGINEERING

CIV 421(E)

Instruction: 3 Lectures / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 3** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisite:

Design of Concrete Structures

Course Objective:

- 1. Familiarize Students with different types of Bridges and IRC standards
- 2. Equip student with IRC standards
- 3. Equip student with concepts and design of Slab Bridges
- 4. Equip student with concepts and design of T Beam Bridges
- 5. To familiarize student with the knowledge of bridge sub structure

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Explain different types of Bridges with diagrams
- 2. Describe the different Loading standards
- 3. Analyse and design the Slab bridges,
- 4. Analyse and design the T Beam bridges
- 5. Perform the stability analysis of Substructure

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

						PO						PSO	
_		1	2	3	12	1	2	3					
	1	3						1					
	2	2	2					1					
СО	3	2	2	3				1					
	4	2	2	3				1					
	5	2	3	2				1					

SYLLABUS

12 Periods

12 Periods

Introduction: Components of Bridges – Classification – Importance of Bridges -Selection of Bridge site – Economical span – Location of piers and abutments – Choice of bridge type: Subsoil exploration – Scour depth. Importance of Bearings

UNIT – II

UNIT – I

Loading Standards: Types of loading - Dead load - Live load (IRC Standards) - Impact Load - Tractive forces - Centrifugal forces - wind forces - temperature stresses - Seismic forces.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{III}$

Slab bridges-introduction- Wheel load on slab- effective width method (IS Method) - slabs supported on two edges- cantilever slabs- dispersion length

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Beam & Slab Bridge (T-Beam Girder Bridge): General features – Design of interior panel of slab – Pigeaud's method – Courbon's method – Analysis and design of T-beam longitudinal girder subjected to IRC loading – Analysis and design of Cross Girder

UNIT – V

Substructure: General features of Abutments – forces acting on abutments – Design and Stability analysis of abutments. General features - Types of piers – Forces acting on piers – Design and Stability analysis of piers. Types of Bearings.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Johnson victor D, "Essentials of Bridge Engineering", 7th Edition, Oxford, IBH publishing Co., Ltd., 2006.
- 2. Ponnuswamy, S. (2008), "Bridge Engineering" Mc Graw Hill Inc.

REFERENCES

- 1. Krishna Raju N., "Design of Bridges", 4th Edition, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., Ltd., 2008.
- 2. Jagadish T.R. & M.A. Jayaram, "Design of Bridge Structures", 2nd Edition, 2009
- 3. Relevant IRC & Railway bridge Codes.
- 4. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

12 Periods

12 Periods

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - IV

ADVANCED TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING

CIV 422(A)

Instruction: 3 Lectures / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 3** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisite:

Nil

Course Objective:

- 1. To study the different elements and their functions in layout of port and harbour.
- 2. To learn the various tunneling methods and its applications.
- 3. To study the different distresses and highway maintenance of pavements.
- 4. To study the traffic engineering principles and components of ITS.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Interpret the various components in port and harbour, and their functions
- 2. Analyse the various tunnelling methods
- 3. Identify the various distresses in flexible and rigid pavements and importance of highway maintenance
- 4. Analyse flow, speed, density relationship by measuring traffic
- 5. Summarize the components of Intelligent Transportation Systems

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12												2	3
	1	2						1					1		1	
	2	3	1					1					1		1	
СО	3	3	1					1					1		1	
	4	2						1					1		1	
	5	2						1					1		1	

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

9 Periods

DOCK & HARBOUR ENGINEERING : Layout of Port components – Functions – Classification of Ports – Site selection – breakwaters - Natural Phenomenon – Tides, Winds, Waves, Currents – Drift – warehouses - Navigational aids.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

TUNNEL ENGINEERING : Introduction - Alignment of tunnels – Cross-section of tunnels – Construction methods of Tunnels – Tunnel lining – Ventilation – Drainage – Muck disposal.

UNIT – III

HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE: Pavement failures, causes, failures in flexible pavements and rigid pavements. Maintenance of highways, routine maintenance, periodic maintenance, special repairs.

UNIT – IV

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING PRINCIPLES: components of traffic stream: flow-speed-Density, measurement and analysis, q-k-v relationships, design hourly volume, concept of EPCU, capacity and level of service, Parking studies and accident studies.

UNIT – V

INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS: Components of ITS, Traffic Management - Incident Management, Advanced vehicle control and safety systems, Electronic toll collection, Traveller Information System, Benefits and costs of ITS.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Seetharaman "Dock & Harbour Engineering", Umesh Publications, 1st Edition, 2008.
- 2. Rangwala, K. "Railway, Bridge and Tunnel Engineering", Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Second Edition (2016)
- Khanna, S. K. & Justo, C. E. G. (1973), "Highway Engineering" Nemchand & Brothers, Roorkee, (3rd Edition).
- 4. Kadiyali, L.R. Traffic Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 7th edition 2007.

5. Pradeep Kumar Sarkar "Intelligent Transport System" PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. (2017). **REFERENCES**

- 1. Subramanian, K.P. (2003), "Highway, Railway, Airport and Harbour Engineering" Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Srinvasan, Docks & Harbour Engineering, Charotar Publishing House, 7th edition, 1983.
- 3. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

9 Periods

9 Periods

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - IV

WATER SHED MANAGEMENT

CIV 422(B)

Instruction: 3 Lectures / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 3** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisites:

Water Resources Engineering – I

Course Objectives:

From this course students will be able to

- 1. Understand the concept of watershed management
- 2. Identify the characteristics of watershed
- 3. Study the principle of soil erosion and methods controls soil erosion
- 4. Study different techniques for water harvesting
- 5. Study different factors responsible for land management

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain objectives and concept of watershed management
- 2. Analyse watershed characteristics to take appropriate management action
- 3. Select a suitable erosion control method for the given site conditions
- 4. Describe the techniques for conservation of water.
- 5. Summarize land use and land capability methods and techniques for reclamation of soils

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11												2	3
	1	2			1		1	1	1		1					1
	2	2			1		1	1	1		1					1
СО	3	2			1		1	1	1		1					1
	4	2			1		1	1	1		1					1
	5	2			1		1	1	1		1					1

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

Introduction: Concept of watershed development, objectives of watershed development, need for watershed development, Integrated and multidisciplinary approach for watershed management.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

8 periods

Characteristics of Watersheds: Size, shape, physiography, slope, climate, drainage, land use, vegetation, geology and soils, hydrology and hydrogeology, socio-economic characteristics, basic data on watersheds.

UNIT – III

Principles of Erosion: Types and causes of erosion, factors affecting erosion, estimation of soil loss due to erosion- Universal soil loss equation.

Measures to Control Erosion: Contour techniques, ploughing, furrowing, trenching, bunding, terracing, gully control, check dams, rock-fill dams, Gabion.

 $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Water Harvesting: Techniques of rain water harvesting- rain water harvesting from roof top, surface flow harvesting, subsurface flow harvesting, stop dams, farm ponds and dugout ponds, percolation tanks.

UNIT – V

Land Management: Land use and Land capability classification, management of forest, agricultural, grassland and wild land, land grading operation, Reclamation of saline and alkaline soils.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Murthy, J. V. S, (2006) "Watershed Management" New Age International Publishers, New Delhi
- 2. Murthy, V.V.N (2007) "Land and Water Management" Kalyani Publications, New Delhi

REFERENCES

- 1. Das M.M. and Saikia M.D (2013) "Watershed Management", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd
- 2. Wurbs R A and James R A (2002) "Water Resource Engineering", Prentice Hall Publishers Upper Saddle River, N.J.
- 3. Black P E (1996) "Watershed Hydrology" Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, N.J.
- 4. Relevant NPTEL courses.

8 Periods

8 Periods

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - IV ADVANCED BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

CIV 422(C)

Instruction: 3 Lectures / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 3** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Course Objectives:

From this course students will learn the following

- 1. Learn about advanced developments in building constructions
- 2. Understand the role of technology in building constructions
- 3. Learn about the modern electrical installations

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explain the importance of providing earthquake resistance to buildings
- 2. Explain the importance of providing fire resistance to buildings
- 3. Summarize the importance of providing acoustic & thermal resistance to buildings
- 4. Describe characteristics and behaviour of different smart materials
- 5. Explain the basics of electrical installations in a building

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

						PO					PSO	
_		1	2	3	12	1	2	3				
	1	1								1		
	2	1								1		
СО	3	1								1		
	4	1								1		
	5	1								1		

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

Earthquake resistant buildings: Occurrence of earthquakes, plate-tectonic theory, seismic waves, magnitude and intensity, seismic zones of India, plan & vertical configurations of buildings, shear walls, dampers, base-isolation, strong column-weak beam concept.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

Fire resistant buildings: Introduction, Importance of fire resistance to buildings, ISO 834 standard heating conditions, grading or classifications, effect of high temperature on steel and concrete, effect of high temperature on different types of structural members.

Fire protection of buildings: Fire zones, general requirements, exit requirements, requirements of residential, educational, business, industrial and storage buildings

8 Periods

UNIT – III

Acoustic buildings: planning and design against outdoor and indoor noise for - residential, educational, office, hostel and industrial buildings.

Thermal Insulated buildings: Introduction, designating thermal properties, Insulation materials, construction techniques for thermal insulation, super Insulation.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Smart buildings: materials used in smart systems, different types of smart materials, characteristics and behaviour of smart materials, Components of smart systems, system features and interpretation of sensor data, features of control systems.

UNIT – V

Electrical installations: general requirements, planning of electrical installations for earthing, tele-communication and other miscellaneous services

Installations of lifts & Escalators: essential requirements, design considerations for lifts and escalators

REFERENCES

- 1. Pankaj Agarwal (2011), "Earthquake Resistant Design of structures", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2nd edition.
- Varghese, P.C (2009), "Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2nd edition.
- 3. SP-7 (1983), National building code of India, Group-1, part-4&8
- 4. Srinivasan, A. V and Michael McFarland, D (2000), "Smart Structures: Analysis and Design", Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 1st edition.
- 5. William Spence, P (2012), "Construction materials, methods and Techniques", Cengage learning India pvt ltd, New Delhi, 2nd edition.
- 6. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

8 Periods

8 Periods

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - IV INTRODUCTION TO FINITE ELEMENT METHOD

CIV 422(D) Instruction: 3 Lectures / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 3** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Course Objective:

- 1. To study the strain- displacement and linear constitutive relation.
- 2. To understand the numerical techniques applied in FEM Establishment of element stiffness and load vector.
- 3. To study about the 2-D isoperimetric concepts.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Derive the differential equilibrium equations for various elements
- 2. Analyse stresses and strains for various elements
- 3. Analyse plane stress/strain conditions for triangular and quadrilateral elements
- 4. Compute the stiffness matrix for isoperimetric elements

5. Construct finite element models for simple elements under different load conditions

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	3			2								2		
	2	2	3			2								2		
СО	3	2	3			2								2		
	4	2	3			2								2		
	5	2	2	3		2								2		

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

12 Periods

Introduction Of Finite Element Method - Concept of an element - Various element shapes.

UNIT – II

Displacement Models – Element stresses and strains – Direct formulations of element stiffness and loads.

UNIT – III

Plane stress/strain triangular elements - Quadrilateral elements - Modelling and mesh refinement.

12 Periods

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Construction of stiffness matrix and loads – boundary conditions.

UNIT – V

Finite Element modelling and solution techniques – symmetry in Finite Element method– nature of Finite Element method solution – errors– convergence and adaptively.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Krishnamurthy, C.S, (1995), "Finite Element Analysis Theory & Programming", McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Bhavikatti, S.S. (2015), "Finite Element Analysis", New Age International Pvt. Ltd

REFERENCES

1. Zienkiewcz, O.C., and Taylor, R.L., (2002), "The Finite Element method", Butterworth Heinemann, New Delhi.

2. Cook, R.D., (2002), "Concept and Applications of Finite Element Analysis", John Wiley & Sons.

- 3. Chandrakant. S. Desai, and John. F. Abel.,(2002), "Introduction to the Finite Element method", CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi.
- 4. Chandraputla, T.R. and Belegundu A.D., (2003), "Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering", Prentice Hall, Indian, Edn.
- 5. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - IV EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING

CIV 422(E)

Instruction: 3 Lectures / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 3** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisite:

Course Objective:

- 1. To create a strong understanding on application of single degree and multi-degree of freedom systems.
- 2. To impart the knowledge on causes and effects of earthquakes.
- 3. To familiarize with seismic codal and detailing provisions.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Explain the basic concepts related to earthquake engineering.
- 2. Analyse problem on structures subjected to vibrations.
- 3. Apply various concepts related to plan configurations to a framed structure having plan irregularities.
- 4. Illustrate the structural detailing of structures affected by seismic forces.
- 5. Explain various methods adopted in strengthening and retrofitting of structures.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

						PO					PSO	
		1	2	3	12	1	2	3				
	1	2								1		
	2	2								1		
СО	3	2								1		
	4	2								1		
	5	2								1		

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

12 Periods

12 Periods

Introduction: Earthquakes, Epicenter, Hypocenter and earthquake waves, Measurement of ground motion, Seismic Regions, Intensity and Iso-seismals of an earthquake, Magnitude and energy of an earthquake, Consequences of earthquakes, Seismic zones.

UNIT – II

Theory of vibrations – Lumped mass and continuous mass systems – Single Degree of Freedom (SDOF) Systems – Formulation of equations of motion – Un damped and damped free vibration, Multiple Degree of Freedom (MDOF) Systems Formulation of equations of motion – Free vibration – Determination of natural frequencies of vibration and mode shapes

UNIT – III

Plan Configurations – Torsion Irregularities – Re-entrant corners – Non-parallel systems – Diaphragm Discontinuity – Vertical Discontinuities in load path – Irregularity in strength and stiffness – Mass Irregularities – Vertical Geometric Irregularity – Proximity of adjacent buildings.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Ductile Detailing: Ductility of R.C structures- Confinement- detailing as per IS-13920-1993moment redistribution – principles of design of beams, columns – beam column joints – soft story concept.

UNIT – V

Cyclic loading behaviour of RC and steel elements, Base isolation, Retrofitting and restoration of buildings subjected to damage due to earthquakes, effects of earthquakes, factors related to building damages due to earthquake, methods of seismic retrofitting, restoration of buildings.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Pankaj Agarwal and Manish Shri Khande, Earthquake Resistant Design of Structures, Prentice Hall of India, 2007, New Delhi.

REFERENCES

- 1. Chopra A.K., "Dynamics of Structures", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, Indian Branch, Delhi, 2007
- 2. Duggal, S.K. "Earth Quake Resistant Design of Structures", Oxford university Press, 1st Edition, 2012
- 3. IS Codes: IS: 1893, IS: 4326 and IS:13920, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi.
- 4. Relevant NPTEL Courses.

12 Periods

ENGINEERING ECONOMICS & FINANCE

CIV 423	Credits: 2
Instruction: 2 Lectures & 1 Tutorial / week	Sessional Marks: 40
End Exam: 3 Hours	End Exam Marks: 60

Course Objective:

To explain the basic principles of managerial economics, accounting practices and financial management techniques for effective business decision making and to promote entrepreneurial abilities among the budding engineers.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- 6. Assess the quantifying alternatives by applying compounding factors and cashflow diagrams
- 7. Recommend the best option through analysing the alternatives by Present, Future and Annual worth methods
- 8. Choose the best alternative by Performing Break-even, Benefit-Cost and Capitalized cost analysis
- 9. Apply the concepts of depreciation and equipment economics
- 10. Differentiate types of financial estimates and their suitability for effective financial management

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	3	3				2					3		3	3	3
	2	3	3				2					3		3	3	3
СО	3	3	3				2					3		3	3	3
	4	3	3									3		3	3	3
	5	3	3									3		3	3	3

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

9 Periods

Engineering economics :Basic principles – Time value of money, Quantifying alternatives for decision making, Cash flow diagrams, Equivalence- Single payment in the future (P/F, F/P), Present payment compared to uniform series payments (P/A,A/P), Future payment compared to uniform series payments (F/A,A/F), Arithmetic gradient, Geometric gradient.

UNIT – II

Comparison of alternatives – I: Present, future and annual worth method of comparing alternatives, Rate of return, Incremental rate of return.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{III}$

9 Periods

Comparison of alternatives – II: Break-even comparisons, Capitalized cost analysis, Benefit-cost analysis.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Depreciation, Inflation and Taxes: Depreciation, Inflation, Taxes.

Equipment economics: Equipment costs, Ownership and operating costs, Buy/Rent/Lease options, Replacement analysis.

UNIT – V

Cost estimating: Types of Estimates, Approximate estimates – Unit estimate, Factor estimate, Cost indexes, parametric estimate and Life cycle cost.

Financial management: Construction accounting, Chart of Accounts, Financial statements – Profit and loss, Balance sheets, Financial ratios, Working capital management.

Note: The student is expected to gain only elementary knowledge of the subject. Numerical Problems are for Internal Valuation only.

REFERENCES

- 1. Bulu Pradhan, "Construction Economics and Finance", NPTEL Course, IIT Guwhati.
- 2. Peterson, S. J., "Construction Accounting and Financial Management", Pearson Education, Upper Saddle River, New Jersey, 2005.
- 3. Blank, L. T. and Tarquin, A. J., "Engineering Economy", Fourth Edition, WCB/McGraw-Hill, 1998.
- 4. Bose, D. C., "Fundamentals of Financial management", 2nd ed., PHI, New Delhi, 2010.
- 5. Gould, F. E., "Managing the Construction Process", 2nd ed., Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, New Jersey, 2002

9 Periods

IRRIGATION STRUCTURES DESIGN & DRAWING

CIV 424

Instruction: 1 Lecture & 3 Practical / week End Exam: 3 Hours **Credits: 2** Sessional Marks: 40 End Exam Marks: 60

Prerequisites:

Water Resources Engineering – II

Course Objectives:

From this course students will be able to design and draw different hydraulic structures

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Design and Draw the Surplus weir
- 2. Design and Draw the Canal head regulator
- 3. Design and Draw the Trapezoidal Notch fall
- 4. Design and Draw the Tank Sluice with tower head
- 5. Design and Draw the Type 3 Syphon Aqueduct

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

								PO							PSO	
		1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11											1	2	3
	1	3	3	3			3				3		2			3
	2	3	3	3			3				3		2			3
СО	3	3	3	3			3				3		2			3
	4	3	3	3			3				3		2			3
	5	3	3	3			3				3		2			3

SYLLABUS

Design and Drawing of following Hydraulic structures

- 1. Surplus Weir
- 2. Canal head regulator
- 3. Trapezoidal Notch fall
- 4. Type 3 Syphon Aqueduct
- 5. Tank Sluice with tower head
- 6. Typical Irrigation Structure(s) in Andhra Pradesh

TEXT BOOKS

1. Satyanarayana Murthy. C, (2003) "Water Resources Engineering - Principles and Practice" New age international publishers, New Delhi

REFERENCES

- 1. Punmia B.C, Pande B.B. (2009) "Irrigation and Water Power Engineering" Laxmi Publications, New Delhi, 16th Edition.
- 2. Garg, S.K. (2011) "Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures" Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Relevant NPTEL Courses